

# Code of Conduct

## Code of Conduct

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SG Fleet Group Limited

ABN 40 167 554 574

Adopted by the Board on 18 February 2019

18 February 2019

Dear Colleague

The success of SG Fleet Group Limited and its subsidiaries (“**the Company**”) is dependent on the knowledge, experience and talent of our employees, the strength of our management team, the quality of our business strategy and our compliance with the highest standards of corporate conduct, ethics and governance. We are constantly working to reinforce and communicate our values to our employees, shareholders, customers, suppliers and the broader community.

The Board of directors believes it is important to provide a clear set of values that emphasise a culture encompassing strong corporate governance, sound business practices and good ethical conduct. The Code of Conduct has been prepared for the guidance and benefit of all people employed, contracted by, associated with, or acting on behalf of the Company.

The Code of Conduct has been adopted as it expresses the core values that drive our behaviour and aspirations:

- Collaboration – everyone working together to deliver excellence
- Trust – placing respect and integrity at the core of our relationships
- Innovation – cultivating the development of innovative ideas to deliver an unparalleled customer experience
- Excellence – we are accountable in the pursuit of excellence

You are required to read and be familiar with the Code of Conduct. The Board of directors will adhere to the values and standards in the Code of Conduct and expect all employees to do the same. By doing so, we can be proud of our individual and collective achievements, and ensure that the Company maintains a reputation for the highest standards of business conduct, professionalism and integrity.

We appreciate your support.

Yours sincerely

Robbie Blau  
Chief Executive Officer



# Part A - Scope and Application

## 1 Purpose of the Code

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The Company is committed to a high level of integrity and ethical standards in all business practices. Employees must conduct themselves in a manner consistent with current community and the Company's standards and in compliance with all relevant legislation.

The Code of Conduct outlines how the Company expects its representatives to behave and conduct business in the workplace on a range of issues. It includes legal compliance and guidelines on appropriate ethical standards.

The objective of the Code of Conduct is to:

- provide a benchmark for professional behaviour throughout the Company;
- support the Company's business reputation and corporate image within the community; and
- make directors and employees aware of the consequences if they breach the policy.

We regularly monitor and test our policies under this Code of Conduct to ensure our commitments remain relevant, effective and consistent with our stakeholders' expectations.

While the Code of Conduct is designed to ensure the Company delivers on its commitment to corporate responsibility and sustainable business practice, it does not create any rights for any employee, client, customer, supplier, competitor, security holder or any other person or entity.

## 2 Who the Code applies to

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All employees of the Company must comply with the Code of Conduct. A reference to 'employees' includes temporary employees, contractors and the Company's directors.

The Code of Conduct applies to all business activities with suppliers, contractors, customers, shareholders and employees in Australia and overseas.

Responsibility lies with every person covered by the Code of Conduct to conduct themselves in accordance with the Code of Conduct.

Some employees may also have additional responsibilities relating to the Code of Conduct (see below).

Position	Responsibility
<b>Employee/Contractor</b>	<p>It is the employee's/contractor's responsibility to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• comply with the Code of Conduct;</li> <li>• act at all times in the best interests of the Company, with strict integrity and according to legal and approved Company business practices; and</li> <li>• raise any concerns or issues with their Manager.</li> </ul>
<b>Manager</b>	<p>It is a Manager's additional responsibility to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• communicate the Code of Conduct to employees and contractors;</li> <li>• take a leadership role in observing and promoting the behaviour and standards in the Code of Conduct and related policies; and</li> <li>• take immediate action where an employee reports a potential breach of the Code of Conduct, or where the Manager observes a potential breach.</li> </ul>
<b>Human Resources</b>	<p>It is the responsibility of Human Resources to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• conduct preliminary investigations in relation to potential breaches of the Code;</li> <li>• review and recommend updates of the Code of Conduct and related policies as required; and</li> <li>• conduct regular training on the Code of Conduct for employees.</li> </ul>
<b>Audit, Risk and Compliance Committee</b>	<p>It is the responsibility of the Audit, Risk and Compliance Committee to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• review and discuss with management the overall adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's legal, regulatory and ethical compliance programs;</li> <li>• review the Company's policies and culture with respect to the establishment and observance of appropriate ethical standards (including the Code of Conduct); and</li> <li>• review the procedures the Company has in place to ensure compliance with laws and regulations (particularly those which have a major potential impact on the Company).</li> </ul>

## 3 How the Code interacts with other policies

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The Code of Conduct should be read in conjunction with all other relevant policies including:

- Continuous disclosure policy;
- Policy for dealing in securities; and
- Anti-bribery.

Copies of the Company's policies are available on the intranet.

The Company continually assesses and upgrades its policies and procedures to ensure compliance with corporate governance requirements. You will be notified of any material changes to the policies and procedures.

## 4 What to do if you suspect the Code has been breached

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### 4.1 Reporting channels

You are encouraged to report any genuine behaviour or situation which you believe breaches or potentially breaches the Code of Conduct, policies or the law to the Group Head of Human Resources, Managing Director, CFO or CEO.

Alternatively, if you wish to report a breach or potential breach anonymously, you may provide a detailed report to STOPline:

Telephone: 1300 30 45 50 (for Australia)  
+ 61 3 9811 3275 (outside Australia)

Mail: SG Fleet  
c/o The STOPline,  
LOCKED BAG 8  
HAWTHORN VIC AUSTRALIA 3122

Email: [sgfleet@stoline.com.au](mailto:sgfleet@stoline.com.au)

Web: [sgfleet@stoline.com.au](http://sgfleet@stoline.com.au)

Facsimile: Attention sgfleet  
c/o The STOPline  
+ 61 3 9882 4480

### 4.2 Whistleblower protection

The Company is committed to ensuring that you are not disadvantaged or discriminated against for reporting unacceptable behaviour in good faith.

Wherever possible, your calls, notes, emails and other communications will be dealt with confidentially. You have the Company's commitment that, whenever possible, your privacy will be protected where you make a report under the Code of Conduct.

It is a breach of the Code of Conduct for any employee to cause disadvantage to or discriminate against an employee who makes a report under the Code of Conduct (the 'whistleblower'). Examples of disadvantage and discrimination include:

- reprisals, harassment or victimisation;
- demotion or dismissal or loss of opportunity for promotion; and
- current or future bias.

The protection that the Company will make available to protect whistleblowers will vary depending on the circumstances, but may include:

- ensuring confidentiality in the investigation and protecting the whistleblower's identity;
- monitoring and managing the behaviour of other employees;
- offering a leave of absence while a matter is investigated;
- relocating employees (which may, but will not necessarily, include the whistleblower) to a different working group or department; and
- rectifying any detriment a whistleblower has suffered.

### 4.3 Investigations

Preliminary investigations of reported breaches are administered by Human Resources.

If a breach of the Code of Conduct is suspected to have occurred, a formal investigation process may be administered by Human Resources, Internal Audit or external investigators (as appropriate) in consultation with the supervisor or manager of the offending person.

In the investigation process, all employees are expected to cooperate with the directions of the investigator.

## 5 Consequences of breaching the Code

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It should be clearly understood that any breach of the Code of Conduct may result in disciplinary action or other penalties including, dismissal or termination of the contract or engagement depending on the nature of the breach.

The Company will act objectively and in accordance with any applicable provisions or requirements in an employment contract.

The Company reserves the right to inform the appropriate authorities where it is considered that there has been criminal activity or an apparent breach of the law.

## 6 Who to speak to if you have questions

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The Code of Conduct does not include:

- every ethical issue that an employee might face; nor
- every law and policy that applies to the Company.

In representing the Company, you are expected to act in a manner consistent with the Company's key values, namely:

- focus on delivering excellence to our clients;
- always act in a trustworthy manner, affirming our integrity;
- reward initiative, leadership and innovation;
- encourage mutual respect, collaboration and knowledge sharing;
- foster a culture of ownership and accountability and recognise the contribution and importance of each employee; and
- provide a positive and dynamic workplace environment, placing importance on the achievement of work/life balance.

If you have any questions regarding the Code of Conduct or any of the Company's policies at any time, you should contact your Manager or Human Resources.

Similarly, if you believe that the application of the Code of Conduct in a particular circumstance would be inappropriate or detrimental to the Company, you must contact Human Resources to ask for clarification or request that an exception be made.

# Part B - Your Obligations

## 1 Compliance with laws and regulations

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You should be aware of, and comply with, your duties and obligations under all laws and regulations relating to your work.

We encourage you to:

- actively understand the laws which affect or relate to the Company's operations;
- undertake or attend training required by the Company to maintain your knowledge of the laws and regulations, as well as to increase your awareness of relevant legal and industry developments; and
- interpret the law in a way which reinforces the Company's reputation for integrity.

If you have a question as to whether particular laws apply or how they may be interpreted, please contact in-house legal counsel.

## 2 Fair trading and dealing

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The Company aims to maintain a high standard of ethical behaviour in conducting business and to behave with integrity in all dealings with customers, shareholders, government, employees, suppliers and the community.

When dealing with others, you must:

- perform your duties in a professional manner;
- act with the utmost integrity and objectivity; and
- strive at all times to enhance the Company's reputation and performance.

You are encouraged to familiarise yourself with the legal requirements applying to fair trading and dealing, and to undertake training or attend seminars to develop and maintain your knowledge so that you can act in accordance with those requirements.

If you have a question or wish to report a breach of fair dealing requirements, please contact in-house legal counsel.

## 3 Conflicts of interest

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You are responsible for notifying the Company of any conflicts of interest (actual or potential). If you are concerned that you may have a conflict of interest you should disclose that interest and discuss the matter with your Manager or Human Resources.

### 3.1 What is a conflict of interest?

A conflict of interest exists where loyalties are divided.

You may have a conflict of interest if, in the course of your employment or engagement with the Company:

- any of your decisions lead to an improper gain or benefit to you or your associate; or
- your personal interests, the interests of an associate, or relative, or obligation to some other person or entity, conflict with your obligation to the Company.

The following are some common examples that illustrate actual or apparent conflicts of interest that you must avoid. The examples are intended to be a guide only.

### 3.2 Improper personal benefits

Conflicts of interest can arise when you or a member of your family receive improper personal benefits as a result of your position. You and your relatives should not give unreasonable gifts to, or receive unreasonable gifts from, the Company's customers or suppliers or others with whom the Company interacts.

We encourage you not to accept a gift (of any kind or value) in circumstances where your business judgment might appear to have been compromised, or where you or the Company would be embarrassed if the gift was made public.

Read and become familiar with the Company's detailed Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy, a copy of which can be found on the intranet.

If you are in doubt as to the appropriateness of a gift, please check with Human Resources.

### 3.3 Financial interests in other businesses

You should avoid having a significant ownership interest or personal financial interest in any other enterprise if that interest compromises or appears to compromise your loyalty to the Company.

You must disclose all personal financial interests that you or members of your family have in organisations which have established, or are attempting to establish, a business relationship with the Company or which compete with the Company.

Personal financial interests include, among other things, interests resulting from the following relationships:

- officer, director, employee or independent contractor;
- ownership of shares or other equity interest;
- debtor or creditor (other than in respect of personal financing arrangements with a recognised financial institution, such as mortgages); or
- lessee or lessor.

Ownership of less than one percent of the common or ordinary shares in an entity is not normally considered a conflict.

If you have any doubt about personal financial interests, please contact Human Resources.

### 3.4 Corporate opportunities

You must not take advantage of property, information, or other opportunities arising from your position in the Company.

For example, if you learn of a business or investment opportunity through the use of corporate property or information or your position within the Company, you should only participate in the business or make the investment with written approval from the Company Secretary or General Counsel. As a general principle, you should only participate in a joint venture, partnership or other business arrangement with the Company with

written approval from the Company Secretary or General Counsel **Conflict of interest arising from a personal relationship**

Employees who have the responsibility for or authority to affect the careers or employment of other employees should perform their functions free from any conflict of interest arising from a personal relationship.

For example, a conflict of interest will arise from a personal relationship if you have a family, business or personal relationship (including a personal financial interest, sharing living quarters or a romantic relationship) with any other employee within the Company and that relationship causes, or might reasonably be anticipated to cause, an inability on your part or their part to perform responsibilities objectively and impartially as far as the other party to the relationship is concerned.

You must disclose any conflict of interest arising from a personal relationship to Human Resources. Such disclosures will be treated confidentially.

### 3.5 Outside memberships, directorships, employment and public office

The Company supports involvement of its employees in community activities and professional organisations. However, outside employment or activity must not conflict with an employee's ability to properly perform their work for the Company, nor create a conflict (or the appearance of a conflict) of interest.

Before accepting outside employment or a position on the board of directors of another company or non-profit organisation, you must carefully evaluate whether the position could cause, or appear to cause, a conflict of interest. If there is any question, please contact either the the Company Secretary or General Counsel.

You must also obtain prior written consent from the Company Secretary or General Counsel where the proposed employment or position relates to an outside organisation that has or seeks to have a business relationship with the Company or competes with services provided by the Company. In the case of the directors of the Board of the Company each director must obtain approval from the Chairman of the Board prior to accepting a position on the board of directors of another company or not-for-profit organisation.

You may accept public office or serve on a public body in your individual private capacity, but not as a representative of the Company. If such public office would require time away from work, you must comply with the Company policies regarding leave of absence and absenteeism.

### 3.6 Use of the Company's name

It is Company policy to make available to all employees any discounts with suppliers or other businesses that may be passed on to employees. However, you may not use the Company's name or purchasing power to obtain personal discounts or rebates unless the discounts or rebates are made available to all employees.

## 4 Improper use or theft of Company property, assets and email

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You are responsible for protecting any the Company property and assets that are under your control and you should safeguard them from loss, theft and unauthorised use.

Company property and assets includes cash, securities, business plans, third party information, intellectual property (including computer programs, software, models and other items), confidential information, office equipment and supplies.

You must not:

- use Company assets for any unlawful purpose or unauthorised personal benefit;

- remove Company property and documents from official premises without a good and proper reason. If required to be removed, they should be stored in a secure manner and covered by appropriate insurances; and
- make improper disclosure, including inadvertent or careless disclosure, of competitive business strategies and plans, special methods of operation and other information that is of competitive value to the Company. If you are unsure whether information is of a confidential nature, seek advice from your senior manager before disclosure.

As set out in the Company's Social Media Policy and Computer Network Usage and Information Security Policy, you are encouraged to use common sense and observe standards of good taste regarding content and language when creating documents that may be retained by the Company or a third party. The Company electronic communications systems should not be used to access or post material that violates the Company policies or any laws or regulations. Personal non-business use of the Company's electronic communications systems must also be consistent with the Computer Network Usage and Information Security Policy. Ensure that you are aware of the requirements of and act in accordance with the Social Media Policy and Computer Network Usage and Information Security Policy.

## 5 Privacy

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the Company respects your privacy and the privacy of others.

You should familiarise yourself with, and comply with:

- the privacy laws applicable to your jurisdiction; and
- the Company's privacy policies which detail the appropriate use of personal information.

If you have any questions in relation to privacy, please contact in-house legal counsel.

## 6 Public communications and disclosures

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You are responsible for the integrity of the information, reports and records under your control and you are expected to exercise the highest standard of care in preparing materials for public communications.

Those documents and materials should:

- comply with any applicable legal requirements;
- fairly and accurately reflect the transactions or occurrences to which they relate;
- not contain any false or intentionally misleading information, nor intentionally misclassify information; and
- be in reasonable detail and recorded in the proper account and in the proper accounting period.

Media statements and official announcements may only be made by persons authorised under the Continuous Disclosure Policy and Attachment 3 of the Continuous Disclosure Policy, the Media Relations Policy. If you receive a request for information and you are not authorised to respond to the enquiry, refer the request to the Corporate Services & Investor Relations Executive. Unless the CEO has given prior written consent, the Company employees and associated parties must not participate in public forum discussions (including internet-based forums) where the subject matter is related to the Company, its competitors or the industry in which the the Company operates.

The Company has adopted the Continuous Disclosure Policy as a means of ensuring compliance with its disclosure and communication obligations under the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth) and the ASX Listing Rules. The

aim of the Continuous Disclosure Policy is to keep the market fully informed of information that may have a material effect on the price or value of the Company's securities, and to correct any material mistake or misinformation in the market.

Ensure that you are aware of the requirements of the Continuous Disclosure Policy and, if it applies to you, you must act in accordance with the policy.

## 7 Employment practices

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### 7.1 Equal opportunity and anti-discrimination

The Company is committed to:

- equal employment opportunity;
- compliance with the letter and spirit of a full range of fair employment practices and anti-discrimination laws; and
- a workplace free from any kind of discrimination, harassment or intimidation of employees.

The Company's equal opportunity policy can be found on the intranet. All employees of the Company are expected to be familiar with this policy.

The Company will promptly investigate all allegations of harassment, bullying, victimisation or discrimination and will take appropriate corrective action. Retaliation against individuals for raising claims of harassment or discrimination will not be tolerated.

### 7.2 Workplace health and safety

The Company is committed to maintaining a healthy and safe working environment for its employees. All appropriate laws and internal regulations (including workplace health and safety laws) should be fully complied with. All people have obligations to assist in ensuring that this situation is maintained at all times.

Misusing controlled substances or alcohol or selling, manufacturing, distributing, possessing, using or being under the influence of illegal drugs on the job will not be tolerated.

You should familiarise yourself with the Company's drug & alcohol and workplace health & safety policies and all relevant procedures to ensure the workplace is safe and without risk to the health of others and yourself. You should follow any lawful and reasonable instructions consistent with those policies and procedures.

### 7.3 The Company's reputation

Employees must not act in any way that could cause harm to the Company's reputation or market position during or after their employment. Employees have a duty to act in a manner that merits the continued trust and confidence of the public.

### 7.4 Securities trading

The Company is committed to upholding fair and ethical securities trading practices complying with all laws and avoiding any conflicts of interest.

Employees must not:

- use any price-sensitive information (which is not generally available to others) in deciding whether or not to buy or sell the Company's securities;
- deal with the Company's securities when in possession of price-sensitive information about the Company or any group company which has not been publicly disclosed; and
- act contrary to the Company's Policy in dealing in securities (which provides guidance on when employees are likely to possess price-sensitive information).

You should familiarise yourself with the Company's Policy in dealing in securities and ensure you act in accordance with it in conducting any dealing in the Company's securities.

## 7.5 Bribes, inducements and commissions

You must not pay or receive any bribes, facilitation payments, inducements or commissions (this includes any item intended to improperly obtain favourable treatment or avoid unfavourable circumstances). The Company has adopted the Anti-Bribery & Corruption Policy. Ensure that you are aware of the requirements of and act in accordance with the Anti-Bribery & Corruption Policy.

You must not give or receive any unreasonable gifts (see section 3 of this Part B – 'Conflicts of interest') or otherwise act in an unethical way. Remember that agreeing not to act may have the same ramifications as acting in an unethical way.

## 8 Community

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### 8.1 Contribution to the community

The Company is a responsible corporate citizen and actively supports the communities in which we live and work. Each employee is expected to uphold the Company's commitment to pursue good corporate citizenship while engaging in its corporate activity.

You must abide by all local laws and regulations, and are expected to respect and care for the environments in which the Company operates.

As a member of the Australian Fleet Lessors Association (AFLA), the Company employees, directors and officers must also observe AFLA's Code of Practice which can be found at [www.afla.com.au](http://www.afla.com.au)

The Company supports and encourages you to actively contribute to the needs of the community. If you wish to make such a contribution (such as donations or sponsorship) on behalf of the Company, please contact the Marketing team.

### 8.2 Environment

The Company is committed to doing business in an environmentally responsible manner and identifying environmental risks that may arise out of its operations.

If you are aware of, or suspect an action that is not environmentally responsible or in breach of the applicable laws and regulations, report the matter in accordance with section 4 of Part A – 'What to do if you suspect the Code has been breached'.

### 8.3 Politics

You may voluntarily participate in the political process as an individual. We ask that you do not engage in actions that could cause someone to believe that your actions reflect the views or position of the Company.

It is against the Company policy to use corporate funds for political purposes. This policy does not prohibit:

- communications by the Company to its shareholders on any lawful subject;
- payments of salaries and expenses of employees whose duties may include communication with government officials; or
- political activity by any employee in his or her individual, private capacity. However, to eliminate any appearance of coercion in such political activities, it is against the Company policy for any manager or team leader to solicit funds from a subordinate for political purposes.

